

Romans 3:1-4 The Faithfulness of God

Into the Lesson:

Theoretical Physicists (which I think means really smart people who think about stuff) spend a lot of time hypothesizing about "dark matter". Google it then consider the relevance of:

I Corinthians 1:25 For the foolishness of God is wiser than human wisdom, and the weakness of God is stronger than human strength.

If you have a hymnal, read or sing (in my case hum so no one can hear) "Great Is Thy Faithfulness". From Lane's comments, what do you recall about the writing of this great hymn?

Into the Word:

How do Lamentations 3:22-23 and Psalm 31:5 provide the perfect launch pad for the study of אמֶת Yemet "the faithfulness of God"?

How does Romans 1:18-20 point to the fact that, "God gives everyone the chance to come to Him"?

How does v.22 give confirmation of Lane's continual reminder that not everyone will acknowledge the faithfulness of God?

What impact would Paul's reference to David (v.4) have on a predominantly Jewish audience?

How does this dark time from David's past reinforce the idea that "God is faithful and will make all things right"?

How does Deuteronomy 7:9-10 provide a comforting (and perhaps chilling) reminder that God makes things right?

Follow the circular progression Lane has provided from Numbers 23:19 to John 14:6 to Romans 1:1-6 to Romans 3:23-28 to realize the "answer" to God's faithfulness.

Into Life:

Reread Deuteronomy 7:10 and consider who you may know that fits in that category.

Are these necessarily hateful people? But apart from God what hope do they have?

How can we begin that circular progression that brings them to a right relationship with Jesus?

What part can Romans 12:9-21; James 1:27 and Colossians 3:12-17 serve as a strategy for ministry?

But for today, know that God is "אֱמֶת Yemet" faithful and true and He is for you and not against you, He is faithful forever and Great is His Faithfulness.